



Affiliated Accountable Care Organizations

Linda Schwimmer, Vice President, Ischwimmer@njhcqi.org Jeffrey Brown, Executive Director, jbrown@njhcqi.org Amanda Melillo, Policy Associate, amelillo@njhcqi.org



Agenda

- AACO Welcome & Introductions
- Overview of the Camden Coalition
- CCHP's Approach to Data
- Evolution of Hotspotting Work
- Legal Framework
- Next Steps for AACO Hotspotting Project







Camden Coalition of Healthcare Providers

Improving care and reducing costs through innovative local data systems and hotspotting

Dr. Jeffrey Brenner, Founder and Executive Director
Aaron Truchil, Associate Director of Data, Research and Evaluation
Mark Humowiecki, Director of Governmental Affairs and General Counsel
Camden Coalition of HealthCare

Affiliated Accountable Care Organizations – Hotspotting Webinar January 9th, 2014

funding for this project provided by:





Camden Coalition of Healthcare Providers

www.camdenhealth.org

The mission of CCHP is to improve the health status of all Camden residents by increasing the **capacity**, **quality** and **access** to care in the city.

Hotspotting: the ability to identify in a timely manner patients who are heavy users of the system and their patterns of use, so that targeted intervention and follow-up programs can be put in place to address their needs and change the existing, potentially ineffective, utilization pattern.

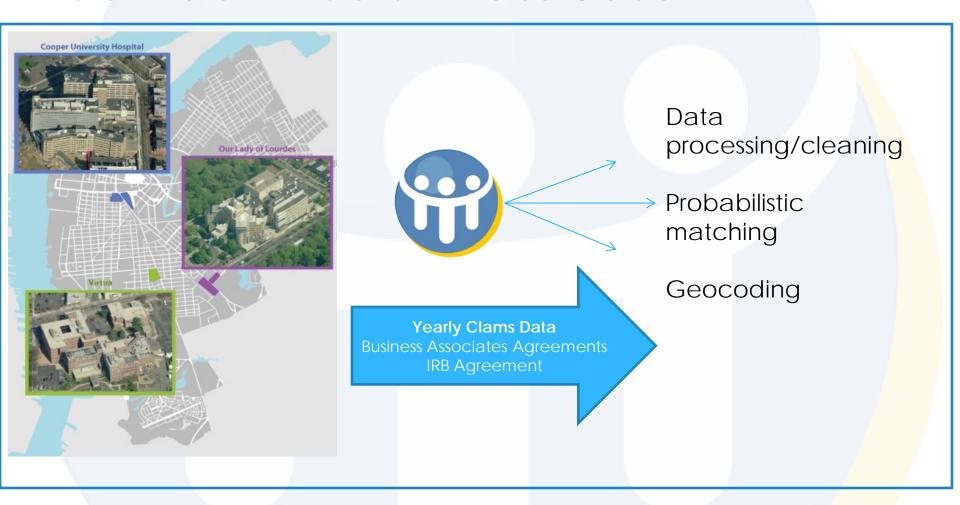


Data Philosophy

- Obtaining data is based on building longterm trusting relationships
- Outliers tell you more about a system than averages
- Think like an advertiser not an epidemiologist
- Find the stories in the data
- Look at data as an iterative process of exploration and discovery
- Put your data staff close to your clinical staff



Camden Health Database



Camden Hospital Utilization 2011 Snapshot

Total hospital revenue\$108 million\$1,396 per capita

| # of hospitals visited | % of Patients |
|------------------------|---------------|
| one hospital | 59.1% |
| two hospitals | 28.9% |
| all three | |
| hospitals | 12.0% |

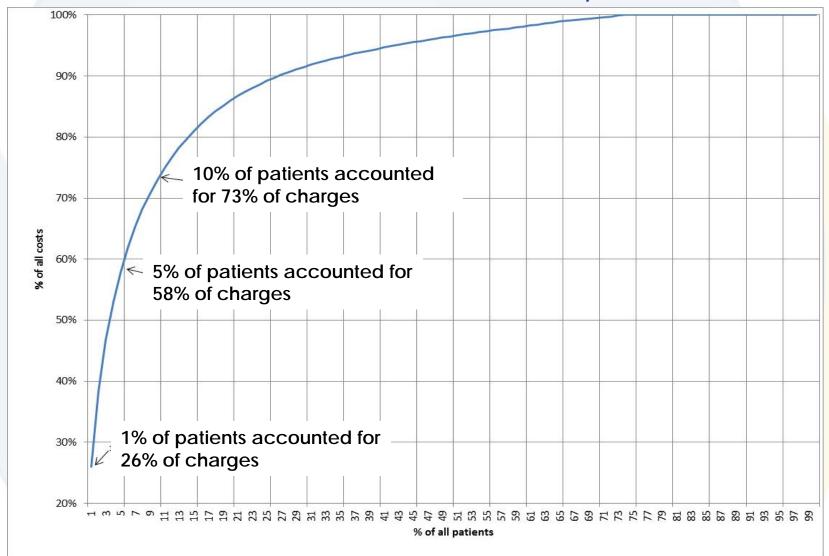
| Primary ED Diagnosis, 2011 | Patients | Visits | % of visits | Receipts |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------|-------------|---------------|
| Upper respiratory infections (hea | | 4,858 | 16.3% | \$1,456,464 |
| Sprains and strains | 2,980 | | 11.1% | \$1,159,452 |
| Superficial injury; contusion | 2,561 | 2,786 | 9.4% | \$837,132 |
| Abdominal pain | 1,986 | 2,318 | 7.8% | \$926,239 |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue inf | ections 1,717 | 2,213 | 7.4% | \$673,115 |
| Urinary tract infection | 1,892 | 2,182 | 7.3% | \$720,050 |
| Back Pain | 1,484 | 1,735 | 5.8% | \$517,997 |
| Asthma | 1,058 | 1,580 | 5.3% | \$675,230 |
| Total | | 65,992 | | ~\$29 million |

| | | | % of | |
|--|-----------------|--------|--------|---------------|
| Primary Diagnosis, 2011 | Patients | Visits | visits | Receipts |
| Births (mother & child) | 1,289 | 609 | 6.4% | \$1,448,116 |
| Hypertension | 401 | 272 | 2.9% | \$1,558,671 |
| Fluid and electrolyte disorders | 255 | 269 | 2.8% | \$1,657,347 |
| Diabetes | 226 | 257 | 2.7% | \$1,723,413 |
| Congestive heart failure | 183 | 247 | 2.6% | \$2,365,964 |
| Asthma | 219 | 246 | 2.6% | \$1,216,779 |
| Renal failure | 195 | 217 | 2.3% | \$2,278,805 |
| Immunizations/Screening for infectious | | | | |
| disease | 213 | 214 | 2.2% | \$608,631 |
| Urinary Tract Infection | 151 | 164 | 1.7% | \$1,180,835 |
| Mental health and substance abuse | | | | |
| screening | 159 | 162 | 1.7% | \$547,989 |
| Total | 10,343 | | | ~\$79 million |

"Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions" and are often amenable to outpatient management

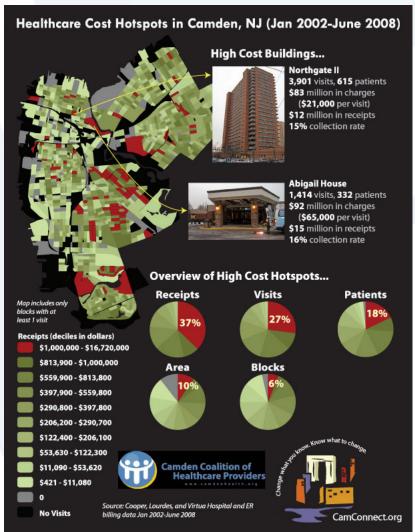


Camden Cost Curve, 2011





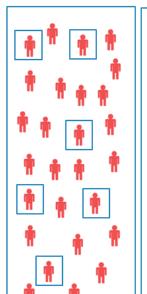
Camden Spatial Analysis of Hospital Costs

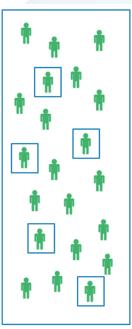


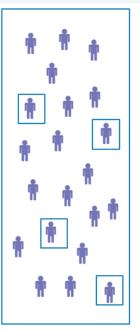
Several buildings, each year, are responsible for between \$1 and \$3 million in hospital costs.

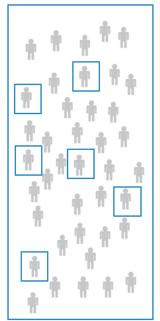
6% of city blocks account for 18% of patients and 37% of receipts.





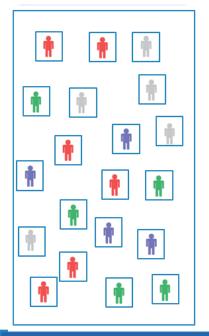


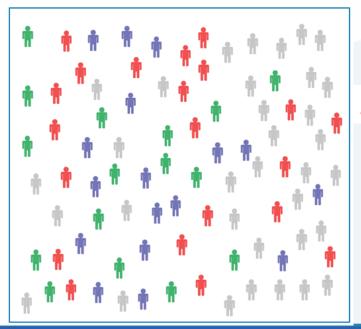




Traditional Intervention Paradigm







Hotspotting Intervention Paradigm



Patient "Typology", 2011

Inpatient Visits 2-3

4 or more

Emergency 1-2 Department Visits 3-5

2,900 patients (6.6%) \$132m charges (14.8%) \$16m receipts (14.7%) 0 26,819 patients (61%) 2,332 patients (5.3%) \$87m charges (9.9%) \$115m charges (13%) \$11m receipts (10.6%) \$14m receipts (12.9%) 355 patients (.8%) \$165m charges (18.6%) \$20m receipts (18.6%) 9,010 patients (20.6%) \$298m charges (33.6%) \$37m receipts (33.8%) 2,293 patients (5.2%) \$90m charges (10.2%) \$10m receipts (9.4%) 6+



0

High Inpatient Utilizers 215 patients (1%)

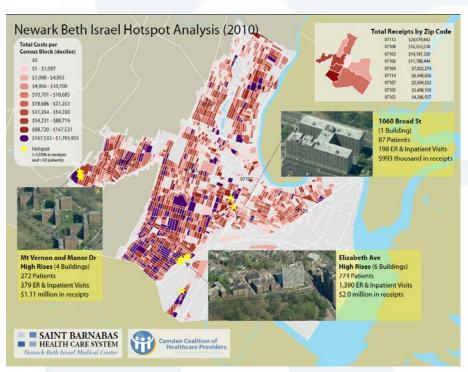
| | | | | Mean % of IP that are 60 day | | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Mean # ED | Mean # IP | Mean total | classified | readmissio | Mean total | Mean total | |
| visits | visits | LOS | as chronic | ns | charges | receipts | Median Age |
| 4.48 | 5.33 | 54.71 | 34% | 55% | \$673,592 | \$73,143 | 57 |

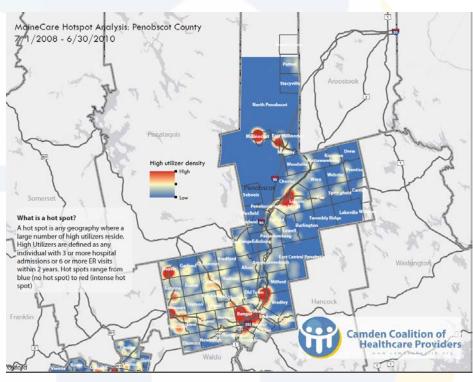
| % total | % total ED | % total IP | % total LOS | % total charges | % total receipts | % total 60 readmits | Total charges | Total receipts |
|---------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|
| .8% | 1.5% | 13.0% | 27.5% | 20.0% | 18.8% | 23.0% | \$144,148,652 | \$15,652,705 |

| | Patients | Percent |
|--|----------|---------|
| RESPIRATORY ABNORM NEC | 34 | 2.2 |
| CHEST PAIN NOS | 29 | 1.9 |
| SHORTNESS OF BREATH (Begin 1998) | 28 | 1.8 |
| REHABILITATION PROC NEC | 26 | 1.7 |
| ABDOM PAIN NOS (Begin 1994) | 25 | 1.6 |
| SEPTICEMIA NOS | 23 | 1.5 |
| ACUTE RENAL FAILURE NOS | 21 | 1.4 |
| URIN TRACT INFECTION NOS | 21 | 1.4 |
| PNEUMONIA ORGANISM NOS | 19 | 1.2 |
| ACUTE ON CHRONIC SYSTOLIC HEART FAILR(Begi | 17 | 1.1 |
| | | |



Hotspotting in Other Communities





Newark

Maine (Medicaid)



MaineCare Hotspotting Report

MaineCare Hospital Utilization Analysis for Cumberland, Kennebec and Penobscot

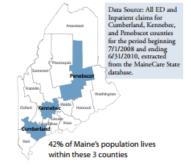
Counties: 7/1/2008 - 6/30/2010

| Total Patients, Visits, and Costs*, ED and Inpatient | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Emergency Room | | | | | | | | |
| Year | Patients | Visits | Charged | Allowed | Paid | | | |
| FY09 | 35,270 | 73,821 | \$63,973,283 | \$47,651,409 | \$25,681,140 | | | |
| FY10 | 37,931 | 78,723 | \$72,429,885 | \$54,342,377 | \$30,072,805 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Inpatient

| rear | Patients | VISITS | Charged | Allowed | Paid |
|------|----------|--------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| FY09 | 7,310 | 12,877 | \$167,713,214 | \$152,870,768 | \$98,025,526 |
| FY10 | 7,691 | 12,880 | \$186,698,504 | \$168,151,559 | \$106,692,703 |

Fiscal years (FYs) begin 7/1 and ends 6/30



| Concentra | tion of Tota | al ED and Inpa | atient Costs* | | | | | |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|-----------|----------------------|--|
| Top % | | Total Paid (in millions) | | | tient | Emergency | Emergency Department | |
| by cost | Patients | Amount | Percent | Visits | Percent | Visits | Percent | |
| 1 percent | 614 | \$82.2 | 31.6% | 3,260 | 15.3% | 4,951 | 3.3% | |
| 5 percent | 3,069 | \$154.7 | 59.4% | 8,765 | 41.1% | 17,552 | 11.7% | |
| 10 percent | 6,138 | \$190.9 | 73.3% | 12,578 | 59.0% | 29,925 | 19.9% | |
| 20 percent | 12,276 | \$226.5 | 86.9% | 17,980 | 84.3% | 49,415 | 32.8% | |
| 30 percent | 18,414 | \$240.6 | 92.4% | 19,627 | 92.0% | 74,839 | 49.7% | |
| 40 percent | 24,552 | \$247.4 | 95.0% | 19,894 | 93.3% | 94,249 | 62.6% | |
| 60 percent | 36,828 | \$255.0 | 97.9% | 20,189 | 94.7% | 119,857 | 79.6% | |
| 80 percent | 49,104 | \$258.9 | 99.4% | 20,397 | 95.6% | 136,402 | 90.6% | |
| 100 nement | 61 380 | \$260.5 | 100.0% | 21 327 | 100.0% | 150.492 | 100.0% | |

| top 1% of patients | next 4% of patients | next 5% | next 10% | bottom 80% |
|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 31.6% of costs | 27.8% of costs | 13.9% of costs | 13.6% of costs | 13.1% of costs |

20% of patients account for 86.9% of costs

Distribution of ED & Inpatient Visits

| | Inpatie | nt | | Total Paid | |
|----------|-------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------------|-------------|
| | Visits | Patients | Percent | (in millions) | per Patient |
| | 1 | 10,190 | 74.6% | \$80.6 | \$7,912 |
| | 2 | 2,038 | 14.9% | \$39.8 | \$19,507 |
| 2 | 3-5 | 1,136 | 8.3% | \$48.1 | \$42,299 |
| ã | 6-10 | 248 | 1.8% | \$27.0 | \$108,704 |
| HighUtil | 11-20 | 51 | 0.4% | \$8.0 | \$157,319 |
| Ť | >20 | 4 | 0.0% | \$1.3 | \$324,204 |
| • | All | 13,667 | | \$204.7 | \$14,979 |
| | High Utilizers | 1,439 | 10.5% | \$84.3 | \$58,605 |

^{*}Costs throughout this report reflect claim payments and do not consider any off-claim settlements or adjustments. General acure hospital payments are estimated based on a proportion (cost to charge ratio) of the allowed amount on

| | Emergen | cy Depart | ment | Total Paid | |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|-------------|
| | Visits | Count | Percent | (in millions) | Per Patient |
| | 1 | 26,504 | 46.8% | \$9.5 | \$358 |
| | 2-3 | 19,095 | 33.7% | \$15.7 | \$823 |
| | 4-5 | 5,914 | 10.4% | \$9.2 | \$1,551 |
| | 6-10 | 3,805 | 6.7% | \$10.6 | \$2,783 |
| 2 | 11-25 | 819 | 1.4% | \$4.1 | \$5,006 |
| High Utilizens | 26-50 | 265 | 0.5% | \$2.1 | \$7,673 |
| | 51-100 | 100 | 0.2% | \$1.0 | \$10,329 |
| Ŧ. | 100-200 | 144 | 0.3% | \$2.2 | \$15,089 |
| l | >200 | 35 | 0.1% | \$1.0 | \$28,890 |
| | All | 56,687 | | \$55.8 | \$983 |
| | High Utilizers | 5,168 | 9.1% | \$20.9 | \$4,134 |

Camden Coalition of Healthcare Providers - MaineCare Analysis | 1

Available at:

http://www.maine.gov/d hhs/oms/pdfs_doc/vbp/C CHP_04062012_MaineCar e_Report_pdf.pdf



Building a hotspotting "on ramp"

- Free the data
- Simple, not fancy, data solutions
- An analyst in every office
- Gradual and iterative solutions





Hotspotting Toolkit

HEALTHCARE HOTSPOTTING fy

FIXING HEALTHCARE WITH HOTSPOTTING



WHAT IS HOTSPOTTING

www.healthcarehotspotting.com @medhotspotting



THE TOOLKIT

Welcome to the home of the Healthcare Hotspotting Toolkit! This online educational project is currently "in progress" and is under review by our Toolkit Advisory Group. The communities selected for this group include:

Metro Community Provider Network and the University of Colorado, Texas Health and Human Services Commission, Rodham Institute at George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences, Spectrum Health, and Thomas Jefferson University.

When the full site is ready, you can come back here to check out our learning modules designed to guide you through clear and easy steps to conduct hotspotting in your area. Topics will include what data you will need, how to get that data, how to make maps with your data, and how to plan programs (among other info). The Commonwealth Fund provided a grant to the Camden Coalition of Healthcare Providers for this project. Please stay in touch with us while we work hard to get the site ready for you - email us at the link below or follow us on Twitter @medhotspotting. Oh, and in the meantime please enjoy our illustrated essay on the left of this page. Get Started!







Hotspotting in Tableau

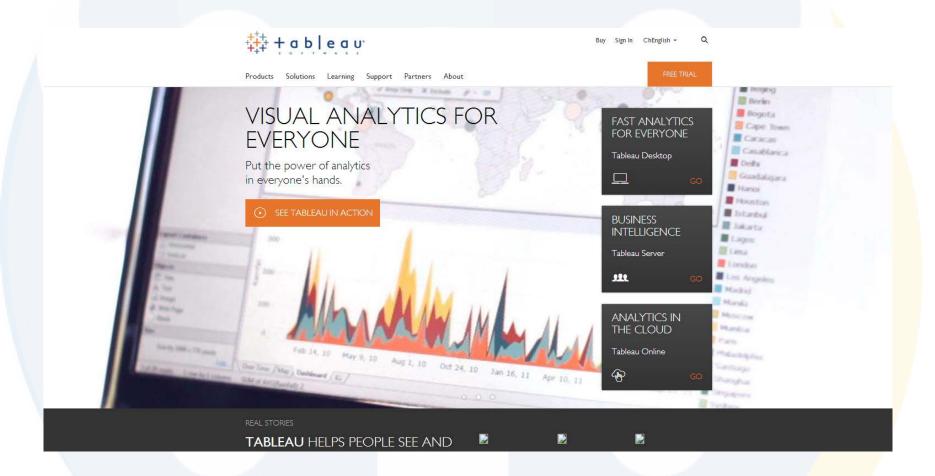
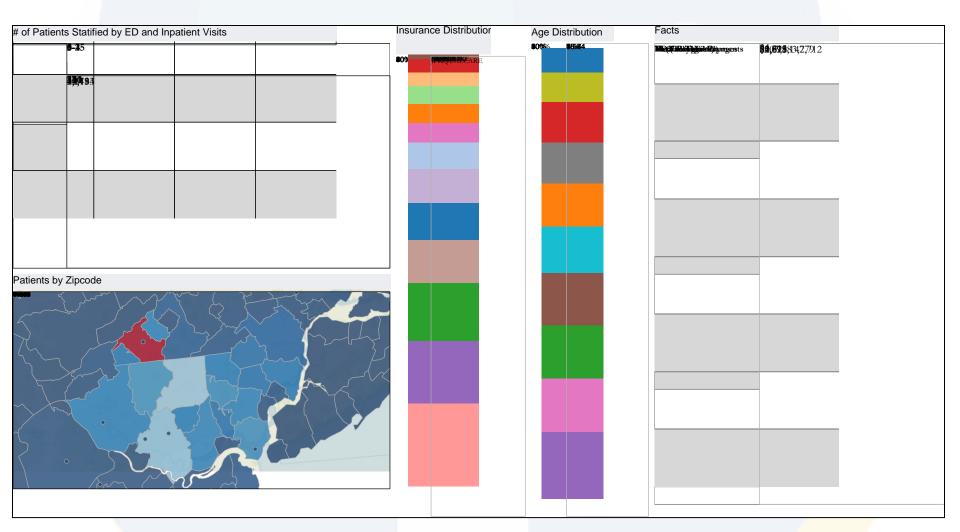
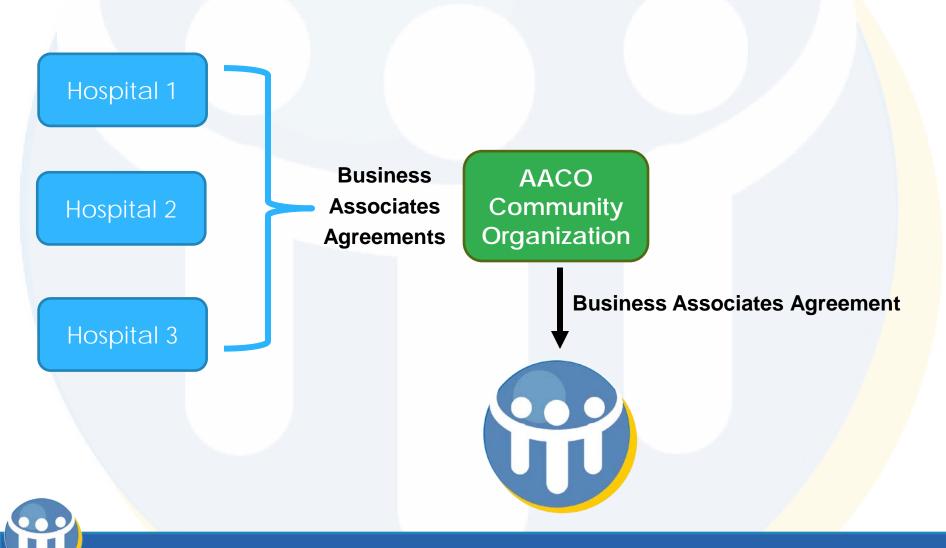




Tableau Hotspotting



Legal Framework for Hotspotting



Project Next Steps...

| CCHP Hot Spotting Overview Webinar | January 9, 2014 |
|---|-------------------|
| Participants letter of intent must be submitted | February 10, 2014 |
| Participant communities will be selected and informed of the decision | March 3, 2014 |
| CCHP lead conference call to answer questions | March 20, 2014 |
| MOU to be signed by | May 5, 2014 |
| Participants provide encrypted claims data to CCHP for analysis | June 6, 2014 |
| CCHP will return Hot Spotting Data Analysis to participants | July 7, 2014 |
| CCHP AACO Trenton Conference to Present all Hot Spotting Data to participants | July 31, 2014 |
| CCHP Tableau Training Webinar | August 14, 2014 |



Letter of Intent

Must be submitted by February 10th, 2014 Must include the following:

- Key internal stakeholders to be included in the project
 - It is recommended that a senior project manager be assigned to the project. This individual will be responsible
 for obtaining the hospital claims data for their community hospitals.
- An assessment of the participating community's ability to obtain this data from hospitals and other providers.

Can also include:

 Key external stakeholders (i.e. other community groups, providers, etc., who can support the project)

